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# **U.S. Teenage Pregnancies, Births and Abortions, 2008: National Trends by Age, Race and Ethnicity**

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#### Introduction

This report contains the most current national estimates of teenage pregnancy, birth and abortion statistics available. It comprises tables containing annual national rates and numbers through 2008 and a discussion of the methodology and sources used to obtain the estimates.

Pregnancy rates include births, abortions and miscarriages; the pregnancy rate is not synonymous with the birthrate. Trends in rates of births, abortions and pregnancies can move in different directions and may be affected by different social and economic factors.

Previous versions of this report included data at both the national and state levels. In order to release information more quickly, we have included only national-level data in this report. A state-level report will follow when data are available.

## **Key findings**

National levels and trends

- In 2008, nearly 750,000 women younger than 20 became pregnant: Some 733,000 pregnancies were among teenagers (women aged 15–19), and 13,500 were among those aged 14 and younger.
- The **pregnancy rate** among teenagers was 67.8 pregnancies per 1,000 women aged 15–19; this means that about 7% became pregnant.
- In 2008, the U.S. teenage pregnancy rate reached its lowest point in more than 30 years (67.8), down 42% from its peak in 1990 (116.9). Among women younger than 15, the pregnancy rate fell even more in that period (62%), from 17.5 to 6.6 per 1,000.
- The pregnancy rate among sexually experienced teenagers (those who had ever had intercourse) was 158.5 pregnancies per 1,000 women aged 15–19, reflecting the fact that the overall teenage pregnancy rate includes a substantial proportion of young people who have never had sex. The pregnancy rate among sexually experienced teenagers has fallen 29% since 1990, when it was 223.1.
- The teenage **birthrate** in 2008 was 40.2 births per 1,000 women. This was 35% lower than the peak rate of 61.8, reached in 1991.
- The 2008 teenage **abortion rate** was 17.8 abortions per 1,000 women. This figure is the lowest since abortion was legalized and 59% lower than its peak in 1988 (43.5).
- The long-term decline in teenage birth and abortion rates were interrupted by increases in 2006. By 2008, the declines had resumed.
- From 1986 to 2008, the proportion of teenage pregnancies ending in abortion (i.e., the abortion ratio) declined by one-third, from 46% to 31%.

*National levels by race and ethnicity* 

- Among non-Hispanic white teenagers, the pregnancy rate has declined 50% since 1990 (from 86.6 per 1,000 to 43.3).
- The pregnancy rate among black women aged 15–19 fell 48% between 1990 and 2008 (from 223.8 per 1,000 to 117.0), but remains much higher than the non-Hispanic white rate.
- Among Hispanic teenagers (of any race), the pregnancy rate fell 37% from its highest level between 1992 and 2008 (from 169.7 per 1,000 to 106.6).
- Wide differences in birth and abortion rates also persist across racial and ethnic groups. The birthrate in 2008 for black and Hispanic teenagers was more than twice the rate for non-Hispanic white teenagers. The abortion rate among black teenagers was four times the rate for non-Hispanic whites, while the rate among Hispanic teenagers was twice the rate for non-Hispanic white teenagers.
- Following the 2010 national census, population counts for 2001–2009 were revised. Because pregnancy rates use these population counts in the denominator, the pregnancy rates for 2001–2006 in this report differ from those previously published. In particular, the revised population counts for Hispanic teens were higher than the intercensal estimates, resulting in new estimated pregnancy rates for Hispanic teens in 2001–2006 that are lower than previously published.

#### **Discussion**

The 1980s and early 1990s saw the highest pregnancy rates among teenagers in the United States. Birthrates also reached high points during this time. In contrast, abortion rates were relatively stable, after having increased during the 1970s. Thus, the increase in pregnancy rates from 1973, when abortion was legalized nationally, to 1980 was manifested mostly in a higher abortion rate, while the further increases in the pregnancy rate to its peak levels in the late 1980s and early 1990s resulted in increased birthrates. Since the mid-1990s, all three rates have steadily declined, while the birthrate has accounted for an increasing proportion of the total pregnancy rate.

Recent research concluded that almost all of the decline in the pregnancy rate between 1995 and 2002 among 18–19-year-olds was attributable to increased contraceptive use. Among women aged 15–17, about one-quarter of the decline during the same period was attributable to reduced sexual activity and three-quarters to increased contraceptive use.

Overall rates of pregnancy and birth—and, to a lesser extent, rates of abortion—among teenagers and young women increased from 2005 to 2006, stayed relatively stable in 2007 and dropped slightly in 2008. Partial data suggest that the higher estimates in 2006 and 2007 were short-term fluctuations and that rates will resume a decreasing trend. The National Center for Health Statistics report of births for 2009 and 2010 show a further decrease in the birthrate among teenagers and those aged 20–24; births among teenagers aged 15–19 fell 15% from 2008 to 2010; and those among 20–24-year-olds fell by 12%. In both 2009 and 2010, the birth rates

among teenagers and young adult women were at historic lows.<sup>2</sup> Abortion data for 2009 and 2010 are not yet available; whether pregnancy rates experienced a similar decline can be determined once those data are obtained.

Other research has noted and seeks to provide additional explanations for the longer-term trends and changes, including shifts in the racial and ethnic composition of the population, increases in poverty, and changes in public perception and attitudes toward both teenage and unintended pregnancy.<sup>3–6</sup>

Even with the recent reductions in teenage pregnancy, birth and abortion rates, the data presented here indicate that there are still large and long-standing disparities in rates by race and ethnicity. These disparities echo those seen among unintended pregnancy rates, which are several times higher among women of color than among white women.<sup>7</sup>

Trends in teenage pregnancy, birth and abortion will need to be closely monitored over the coming years to determine how the reproductive behaviors of young women in the United States may be changing. Further research will be needed to understand the factors that are affecting these trends.

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Table 1.1 Rates of pregnancy, birth and abortion, and abortion ratios, among women aged 15-19, by race or ethnicity, according to year, 1986-2008

Race or ethnicity and measure 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 TOTAL Pregnancy rate\* ΑII 106.7 106.6 111.4 114.9 116.9 115.3 111.0 108.0 104.6 99.6 95.6 91.4 88.7 85.7 83.4 78.7 74.4 71.8 70.1 68.3 70.1 69.8 67.8 210.5 206.5 211.4 218.6 223.1 220.6 213.0 207.8 201.8 192.6 187.5 181.6 178.9 175.2 173.0 165.8 158.9 156.7 156.5 155.9 163.8 163.1 158.5 Sexually experienced† Birthrate 50.2 50.6 53.0 57.3 60.3 61.8 60.3 59.0 58.2 56.0 53.5 51.3 50.3 48.8 47.6 45.0 42.6 41.1 40.5 39.7 41.1 41.5 40.2 42.3 41.8 43.5 42.0 40.5 37.4 35.2 33.9 31.6 29.4 28.6 27.1 25.8 24.7 23.9 22.5 21.1 20.4 19.5 18.7 18.9 18.2 17.8 Abortion rate 45.2 42.3 37.7 33.9 33.6 33.4 33.3 33.1 31.5 Abortion ratio‡ 45.7 45.1 40.2 36.9 36.5 35.2 34.5 34.8 34.6 33.2 32.5 32.0 30.6 30.6 WHITE ΑII 90.0 89.6 96.6 92.3 90.0 62.3 60.6 58.8 Pregnancy rate 93.0 95.8 98.8 87.8 84 9 81 4 77 9 75.9 73.4 71.2 67.7 64.4 60.7 59.1 60.9 Birthrate 42.3 42.5 44.4 47.9 51.2 52.6 51.4 50.6 50.5 49.5 47.5 45.5 44.9 44.0 43.0 41.0 39.2 38.0 37.4 36.7 37.9 38.4 37.3 35.6 35.1 36.1 34.8 33.9 30.4 27.9 26.6 24.7 23.2 22.2 21.1 20.0 18.7 17.8 16.8 15.7 15.2 14.4 13.7 13.7 13.5 12.8 Abortion rate 42.1 29.3 28.6 26.5 45.7 45.2 44.9 39.8 36.6 35.2 34.4 32.8 31.9 31.9 31.7 30.8 29.8 29.0 28.5 27.8 27.1 25.9 25.5 Abortion ratio Non-Hispanic§ Pregnancy rate 86.6 83.6 77.8 75.3 72.5 69.7 66.4 63.6 60.9 58.0 55.4 51.7 48.2 46.5 44.5 43.3 44.0 43.8 43.3 u Birthrate 39.9 42.1 43.4 41.7 40.7 40.4 39.3 37.6 36.0 35.3 34.1 32.6 30.3 28.5 27.4 26.7 25.9 26.6 26.6 26.6 u u 28.7 25.3 24.0 20.5 15.5 12.7 Abortion rate u u 32.9 21.8 19.3 18.6 16.9 14.8 13.9 12.3 11.4 11.1 11.0 10.8 10.4 Abortion ratio 43.9 39.8 37.7 37.1 35.1 34.3 33.9 34.0 32.4 31.3 31.2 31.5 30.9 31.1 29.9 30.0 29.3 28.8 28.0 NONWHITE ΑII Pregnancy rate 96.3 180.7 189.1 193.4 189.4 188.5 183.5 169.0 155.1 148.9 141.6 136.2 130.8 127.7 118.7 110.1 105.1 102.3 99.3 101.3 98.6 97.8 49.9 Birthrate 84.8 85.5 89.2 95.9 96.3 94.6 91.2 87.5 80.5 75.9 72.6 70.2 66.1 64.2 59.4 54.8 52.0 51.2 51.4 51.3 49.5 67.0 71.8 70.4 74.5 71.3 64.7 63.6 62.0 58.2 53.2 52.5 49.4 47.3 46.8 46.1 43.1 40.3 38.8 37.1 35.8 36.0 33.7 33.6 Abortion rate 45.8 45.2 45.5 42.6 39.8 40.5 39.9 39.8 40.5 40.3 41.4 41.8 42.1 42.4 42.7 42.0 41.8 41.2 39.6 Abortion ratio 41.0 40.2 40.9 40.4 Black Pregnancy rate u u u 223.8 222.3 216.6 209.9 198.7 181.4 175.1 168.1 162.0 156.1 152.9 141.2 131.6 125.3 122.5 118.9 121.6 119.1 117.0 79.1 77.2 71.3 62.5 61.7 62.2 60.1 95.8 97.6 111.5 102.9 94.4 89.6 86.3 83.5 65.7 60.1 62.0 Birthrate 102.7 112.9 114.8 111.3 107.3 Abortion rate u 80.3 76.9 75.5 73.8 68.3 61.9 61.4 58.7 56.2 55.7 54.8 50.6 47.9 45.7 44.1 42.5 42.7 40.6 40.8 41.6 40.1 40.4 40.7 39.9 39.6 40.7 40.5 40.2 41.3 41.5 41.5 42.1 42.3 41.7 40.7 39.5 40.4 Abortion ratio u u u u 41.4 HISPANIC 132.1 Pregnancy rate 162.2 169.1 169.7 165.8 164.4 158.5 152.8 143.5 142.5 139.4 137.1 126.5 122.3 121.9 116.9 118.1 114.6 106.6 Birthrate 100.8 99.5 104.6 103.3 101.8 101.3 99.3 94.6 89.6 87.9 86.8 86.6 84.4 80.6 78.4 78.1 76.5 77.4 75.3 70.3 u u u 38.9 39.6 39.7 39.0 35.8 35.7 32.7 33.7 32.1 30.2 28.0 27.0 25.7 25.7 22.9 22.9 22.1 20.1 Abortion rate u u u u 41.6 28.1 27.5 28.7 28.0 27.8 26.5 27.4 26.8 27.7 27.0 25.8 24.9 25.1 24.7 24.7 23.0 22.9 22.7 22.2 Abortion ratio u

Notes: In this and subsequent tables, data are tabulated according to the woman's age at the pregnancy outcome and, for births, according to the mother's race (not the child's). Numbers and rates may differ slightly from those published previously because we updated the population numbers from 2000 through 2008, using revised estimates of the intercensal populations based on the 2000 and 2010 censuses. We have also updated the proportion of all 15–19-year-olds who have ever had sex for 2003–2006 (see "National-level methods" in text), which affects the estimated pregnancy rates among sexually experienced teens for those years. u=unavailable.

<sup>\*</sup>All rates are the number of events per 1,000 women aged 15–19; pregnancy rate includes the estimated number of pregnancies ending in miscarriage or stillbirth. †The pregnancy rate among all 15–19-year-olds who have ever had sex. ‡The number of abortions per 100 pregnancies ending in abortion or live birth; denominator excludes miscarriages and stillbirths. §Pregnancy rates, birthrates and abortion ratios of non-Hispanic whites follow the NCHS methodology of including all white births of unknown Hispanic ethnicity with non-Hispanic births (<1% of all birth certificates).

Table 2.1 Among women aged 15–19, pregnancy, birth and abortion rates and numbers, and number of miscarriages, by year, 1972–2008

Female population (in 1,000s)	Estimated miscarriages†	Abortions	Births	Total pregnancies	Abortion rate	Birthrate	Pregnancy rate*	Year
9,988	142,350	191,000	616,280	949,630	19.1	61.7	95.1	1972
10,193	144,100	231,900	604,096	980,000	22.8	59.3	96.1	1973
10,350	147,060	279,700	595,449	1,022,210	27.0	57.5	98.8	1974
10,466	149,130	326,780	582,238	1,058,150	31.2	55.6	101.1	1975
10,582	148,020	362,680	558,744	1,069,440	34.3	52.8	101.1	1976
10,581	151,500	396,630	559,154	1,107,290	37.5	52.8	104.6	1977
10,555	150,560	418,790	543,407	1,112,760	39.7	51.5	105.4	1978
10,497	154,350	444,600	549,472	1,148,430	42.4	52.3	109.4	1979
10,381	154,910	444,780	552,161	1,151,850	42.8	53.2	111.0	1980
10,096	148,810	433,330	527,392	1,109,540	42.9	52.2	109.9	1981
9,809	144,620	418,740	513,758	1,077,120	42.7	52.4	109.8	1982
9,515	138,990	411,330	489,286	1,039,600	43.2	51.4	109.3	1983
9,287	133,830	398,870	469,682	1,002,370	42.9	50.6	107.9	1984
9,174	133,420	399,200	467,485	1,000,110	43.5	51.0	109.0	1985
9,206	131,310	389,240	461,905	982,450	42.3	50.2	106.7	1986
9,139	130,630	381,640	462,312	974,580	41.8	50.6	106.6	1987
9,029	134,940	392,720	478,353	1,006,010	43.5	53.0	111.4	1988
8,840	138,390	370,900	506,503	1,015,790	42.0	57.3	114.9	1989
8,656	139,460	350,970	521,826	1,012,260	40.5	60.3	116.9	1990
8,407	135,350	314,350	519,577	969,280	37.4	61.8	115.3	1991
8,389	130,620	295,360	505,415	931,400	35.2	60.3	111.0	1992
8,496	128,990	287,710	501,093	917,800	33.9	59.0	108.0	1993
8,689	128,580	274,840	505,488	908,910	31.6	58.2	104.6	1994
8,929	126,270	262,930	499,873	889,080	29.4	56.0	99.6	1995
9,193	124,600	262,810	491,577	878,990	28.6	53.5	95.6	1996
9,425	122,210	255,640	483,220	861,070	27.1	51.3	91.4	1997
9,641	121,850	248,680	484,895	855,420	25.8	50.3	88.7	1998
9,762	119,300	240,940	476,050	836,290	24.7	48.8	85.7	1999
9,855	117,350	235,470	468,990	821,810	23.9	47.6	83.4	2000
9,909	111,470	222,790	445,944	780,200	22.5	45.0	78.7	2001
9,982	106,170	210,770	425,493	742,430	21.1	42.6	74.4	2002
10,087	103,500	205,900	414,580	723,980	20.4	41.1	71.8	2003
10,243	103,030	199,750	415,262	718,040	19.5	40.5	70.1	2004
10,435	102,470	195,550	414,593	712,610	18.7	39.7	68.3	2005
10,597	107,130	200,420	435,436	742,990	18.9	41.1	70.1	2006
10,731	108,550	195,730	444,899	749,180	18.2	41.5	69.8	2007
10,805	106,160	192,090	434,758	733,010	17.8	40.2	67.8	2008

<sup>\*</sup>All rates are the number of events per 1,000 women aged 15–19; pregnancy rate includes the estimated number of pregnancies ending in miscarriage or stillbirth. †Includes stillbirths.

Table 2.2 Among women aged 15–17, pregnancy, birth and abortion rates and numbers, and number of miscarriages, by year, 1972–2008

Year	Pregnancy rate*	Birthrate	Abortion rate	Total pregnancies	Births	Abortions	Estimated miscarriages†	Female population (in 1,000s)
1972	62.4	39.0	14.2	378,720	236,641	86,140	55,940	6,071
1973	64.9	38.5	16.9	401,130	238,403	104,590	58,140	6,185
1974	66.4	37.3	19.7	416,700	234,177	123,350	59,170	6,276
1975	68.0	36.1	22.3	427,300	227,270	140,520	59,510	6,288
1976	67.5	34.1	24.2	426,560	215,493	152,700	58,370	6,319
1977	69.5	33.9	26.2	438,720	213,788	165,610	59,320	6,310
1978	68.3	32.2	26.9	429,390	202,661	169,270	57,460	6,286
1979	70.4	32.3	28.8	436,590	200,137	178,570	57,880	6,200
1980	72.5	32.7	30.2	439,550	198,222	183,350	57,980	6,063
1981	71.5	32.0	30.1	418,400	187,397	175,930	55,070	5,848
1982	71.7	32.2	30.0	402,640	181,162	168,410	53,070	5,618
1983	72.0	31.8	30.7	390,290	172,673	166,440	51,180	5,424
1984	70.2	31.0	29.9	377,080	166,744	160,900	49,440	5,373
1985	70.9	31.0	30.6	383,540	167,789	165,630	50,120	5,409
1986	69.6	30.5	29.9	384,050	168,572	165,240	50,240	5,520
1987	70.5	31.7	29.6	384,340	172,591	161,120	50,630	5,450
1988	73.5	33.6	30.2	386,110	176,624	158,330	51,160	5,251
1989	74.4	36.4	28.0	370,290	181,044	139,130	50,120	4,974
1990	74.2	37.5	26.6	362,800	183,327	129,820	49,650	4,889
1991	72.9	38.6	24.2	355,730	188,226	118,050	49,450	4,882
1992	70.3	37.6	22.9	350,900	187,549	114,400	48,950	4,993
1993	69.4	37.5	22.2	352,900	190,535	112,960	49,400	5,086
1994	67.7	37.2	21.0	355,510	195,169	110,280	50,060	5,249
1995	64.1	35.5	19.5	347,580	192,508	105,970	49,100	5,424
1996	60.4	33.3	18.6	337,060	185,721	103,810	47,530	5,582
1997	56.6	31.4	17.2	324,490	180,154	98,460	45,880	5,732
1998	53.9	29.9	16.4	312,170	173,231	94,810	44,130	5,790
1999	50.5	28.2	15.2	293,570	163,588	88,420	41,560	5,811
2000	48.1	26.8	14.5	281,900	157,209	84,770	39,920	5,862
2001	44.2	24.5	13.4	261,880	145,324	79,540	37,020	5,928
2002	41.7	23.1	12.7	250,570	138,731	76,450	35,390	6,008
2003	40.2	22.2	12.4	243,810	134,384	75,050	34,380	6,060
2004	38.9	21.8	11.6	239,320	133,980	71,400	33,940	6,146
2005	37.6	21.1	11.2	237,630	133,191	70,730	33,710	6,319
2006	38.3	21.6	11.2	246,250	138,943	72,290	35,020	6,434
2007	37.9	21.7	10.8	245,610	140,566	69,930	35,110	6,484
2008	36.8	21.1	10.4	236,220	135,664	66,750	33,810	6,417

<sup>\*</sup>All rates are the number of events per 1,000 women aged 15–17; pregnancy rate includes the estimated number of pregnancies ending in miscarriage or stillbirth. †Includes stillbirths.

Table 2.3 Among women aged 18–19, pregnancy, birth and abortion rates and numbers, and number of miscarriages, by year, 1972–2008

Year	Pregnancy rate*	Birthrate	Abortion rate	Total pregnancies	Births	Abortions	Estimated miscarriages†	Female population (in 1,000s)
1972	145.8	96.9	26.8	570,910	379,639	104,860	86,410	3,917
1973	144.4	91.2	31.8	578,870	365,693	127,310	85,870	4,008
1974	148.6	88.7	38.4	605,510	361,272	156,350	87,890	4,074
1975	151.0	85.0	44.6	630,850	354,968	186,260	89,620	4,178
1976	150.8	80.5	49.3	642,880	343,251	209,980	89,650	4,263
1977	156.5	80.9	54.1	668,570	345,366	231,020	92,180	4,271
1978	160.1	79.8	58.4	683,370	340,746	249,520	93,100	4,269
1979	165.7	81.3	61.9	711,840	349,335	266,030	96,470	4,297
1980	164.9	81.9	60.5	712,300	353,939	261,430	96,930	4,319
1981	162.7	80.0	60.6	691,140	339,995	257,400	93,740	4,248
1982	160.9	79.4	59.7	674,480	332,596	250,330	91,550	4,191
1983	158.7	77.4	59.8	649,310	316,613	244,890	87,810	4,092
1984	159.8	77.4	60.8	625,290	302,938	237,970	84,390	3,914
1985	163.8	79.6	62.0	616,570	299,696	233,570	83,300	3,765
1986	162.3	79.6	60.8	598,400	293,333	224,000	81,070	3,686
1987	160.0	78.5	59.8	590,240	289,721	220,520	80,000	3,689
1988	164.1	79.9	62.0	619,900	301,729	234,390	83,780	3,778
1989	167.0	84.2	60.0	645,500	325,459	231,770	88,270	3,865
1990	172.4	89.9	58.7	649,460	338,499	221,150	89,810	3,766
1991	174.0	94.0	55.7	613,550	331,351	196,300	85,900	3,526
1992	171.0	93.6	53.3	580,500	317,866	180,960	81,670	3,395
1993	165.6	91.1	51.2	564,900	310,558	174,750	79,590	3,410
1994	160.8	90.2	47.8	553,400	310,319	164,560	78,520	3,440
1995	154.5	87.7	44.8	541,500	307,365	156,960	77,170	3,505
1996	150.1	84.7	44.0	541,930	305,856	159,000	77,070	3,611
1997	145.3	82.1	42.6	536,580	303,066	157,180	76,330	3,693
1998	141.1	80.9	40.0	543,250	311,664	153,870	77,720	3,851
1999	137.4	79.1	38.6	542,720	312,462	152,520	77,740	3,951
2000	135.2	78.1	37.7	539,910	311,781	150,700	77,430	3,993
2001	130.2	75.5	36.0	518,320	300,620	143,250	74,450	3,981
2002	123.8	72.2	33.8	491,860	286,762	134,320	70,780	3,974
2003	119.3	69.6	32.5	480,170	280,196	130,850	69,120	4,026
2004	116.9	68.7	31.3	478,720	281,282	128,350	69,090	4,096
2005	115.4	68.4	30.3	474,980	281,402	124,820	68,760	4,116
2006	119.3	71.2	30.8	496,730	296,493	128,130	72,110	4,163
2007	118.6	71.7	29.6	503,580	304,333	125,800	73,450	4,247
2008	113.2	68.2	28.6	496,780	299,094	125,340	72,350	4,389

<sup>\*</sup>All rates are the number of events per 1,000 women aged 18–19; pregnancy rate includes the estimated number of pregnancies ending in miscarriage or stillbirth. †Includes stillbirths.

Table 2.4 Among women aged 14 or younger, pregnancy, birth and abortion rates and numbers, and number of miscarriages, by year, 1972–2008

Female population (in 1,000s)‡	Estimated miscarriages†	Abortions	Births	Total pregnancies	Abortion rate	Birthrate	Pregnancy rate*	Year
(111 1,0005)‡	miscamages	Abortions	Diltilo	pregnancies	Tate	Dittilate	Tale	i cai
2,093	u	u	12,082	u	u	5.8	u	1972
2,094	3,740	11,630	12,861	28,230	5.6	6.1	13.5	1973
2,086	3,850	13,420	12,529	29,800	6.4	6.0	14.3	1974
2,118	4,050	15,260	12,642	31,950	7.2	6.0	15.1	1975
2,080	3,960	15,820	11,928	31,710	7.6	5.7	15.2	1976
2,048	3,860	15,650	11,455	30,970	7.6	5.6	15.1	1977
2,020	3,670	15,110	10,772	29,550	7.5	5.3	14.6	1978
1,944	3,760	16,220	10,699	30,680	8.3	5.5	15.8	1979
1,834	3,570	15,340	10,169	29,080	8.4	5.5	15.9	1980
1,787	3,450	15,240	9,632	28,320	8.5	5.4	15.8	1981
1,748	3,410	14,590	9,773	27,770	8.3	5.6	15.9	1982
1,781	3,590	16,350	9,752	29,690	9.2	5.5	16.7	1983
1,819	3,690	16,920	9,965	30,570	9.3	5.5	16.8	1984
1,853	3,740	16,970	10,220	30,930	9.2	5.5	16.7	1985
1,706	3,600	15,690	10,176	29,470	9.2	6.0	17.3	1986
1,613	3,490	14,270	10,311	28,070	8.8	6.4	17.4	1987
1,573	3,480	13,650	10,588	27,720	8.7	6.7	17.6	1988
1,608	3,570	12,750	11,486	27,810	7.9	7.1	17.3	1989
1,588	3,590	12,580	11,657	27,830	7.9	7.3	17.5	1990
1,670	3,630	12,270	12,014	27,910	7.3	7.2	16.7	1991
1,694	3,730	12,830	12,220	28,780	7.6	7.2	17.0	1992
1,756	3,750	12,410	12,554	28,710	7.1	7.2	16.4	1993
1,855	3,790	12,080	12,901	28,770	6.5	7.0	15.5	1994
1,860	3,530	10,830	12,242	26,600	5.8	6.6	14.3	1995
1,910	3,270	10,360	11,148	24,780	5.4	5.8	13.0	1996
1,919	2,990	9,640	10,121	22,750	5.0	5.3	11.9	1997
1,890	2,830	9,360	9,462	21,650	5.0	5.0	11.5	1998
1,957	2,680	8,720	9,054	20,450	4.5	4.6	10.5	1999
1,972	2,560	8,560	8,519	19,640	4.3	4.3	10.0	2000
1,980	2,360	8,050	7,781	18.190	4.1	3.9	9.2	2001
2,015	2,230	7,640	7,315	17,190	3.8	3.6	8.5	2002
2,058	2,090	7,550	6,661	16,300	3.7	3.2	7.9	2003
2,147	2,060	7,050	6,781	15,890	3.3	3.2	7.4	2004
2,123	2,020	6,800	6,722	15,540	3.2	3.2	7.3	2005
2,103	1,930	6,460	6,396	14,790	3.1	3.0	7.0	2006
2,074	1,870	6,290	6,195	14,360	3.0	3.0	6.9	2007
2,046	1,750	6,010	5,764	13,520	2.9	2.8	6.6	2008

<sup>\*</sup>All rates are calculated as the number of events experienced by women aged 14 and younger divided by the female population aged 14. The denominator is limited to 14-year-olds because the majority of all pregnancies among women aged 14 and younger occur among those aged 14 (see methodology in text). The pregnancy rate includes the estimated number of pregnancies ending in miscarriage or stillbirth. †Includes stillbirths. ‡Denominator (population) is women aged 14. *Note:* u=unavailable.

Table 2.5 Among women younger than age 20, pregnancy, birth and abortion rates and numbers, and number of miscarriages, by year, 1972–2008

Female population (in 1,000s)‡	Estimated miscarriages†	Abortions	Births	Total pregnancies	Abortion rate	Birthrate	Pregnancy rate*	Year
9,988	u		628,362		u	62.9	u	1972
10,193	147,750	u 243,530	616,957	u 1,008,230	23.9	60.5	98.9	1972
10,193	150,910	243,530	607,978	1,006,230	28.3	58.7	101.6	1973
,	,	,	,	, ,	32.7	56.8	101.8	1974
10,466	153,180	342,040	594,880	1,090,100	32.1	50.0	104.2	1975
10,582	151,980	378,500	570,672	1,101,150	35.8	53.9	104.1	1976
10,581	155,360	412,280	570,609	1,138,260	39.0	53.9	107.6	1977
10,555	154,230	433,900	554,179	1,142,310	41.1	52.5	108.2	1978
10,497	158,110	460,820	560,171	1,179,110	43.9	53.4	112.3	1979
10,381	158,480	460,120	562,330	1,180,930	44.3	54.2	113.8	1980
10,096	152,260	448,570	537,024	1,137,860	44.4	53.2	112.7	1981
9,809	148,030	433,330	523,531	1,104,890	44.2	53.4	112.6	1982
9,515	142,580	427,680	499,038	1,069,290	44.9	52.4	112.4	1983
9,287	137,520	415,790	479,647	1,032,940	44.8	51.6	111.2	1984
9,174	137,160	416,170	477,705	1,031,040	45.4	52.1	112.4	1985
9,206	134.910	404.930	472.081	1.011.920	44.0	51.3	109.9	1986
9,139	134,120	395,910	472,623	1,002,650	43.3	51.7	109.7	1987
9,029	138,420	406,370	488,941	1,033,730	45.0	54.2	114.5	1988
8,840	141,960	383,650	517,989	1,043,600	43.4	58.6	118.1	1989
8,656	143,050	363,550	533,483	1,040,090	42.0	61.6	120.2	1990
8,407	138,980	326,620	531,591	997,190	38.8	63.2	118.6	1991
8,389	134,350	308,190	517,635	960,180	36.7	61.7	114.5	1992
8,496	132.740	300,120	513.647	946,510	35.3	60.5	111.4	1993
8,689	132,370	286,920	518,389	937,680	33.0	59.7	107.9	1994
8,929	129,800	273,760	512,115	915,680	30.7	57.4	102.5	1995
9.193	127,870	273,170	502.725	903.770	29.7	54.7	98.3	1996
9,193	125,200	265,280	493,341	883,820	29.7	54.7 52.3	96.3 93.8	1996
9,423	,	,	,	,	26.8	52.3 51.3	91.0	
,	124,680	258,040	494,357	877,070				1998
9,762	121,990	249,660	485,104	856,750	25.6	49.7	87.8	1999
9,855	119,910	244,030	477,509	841,450	24.8	48.5	85.4	2000
9,909	113,830	230,840	453,725	798,390	23.3	45.8	80.6	2001
9,982	108,400	218,410	432,808	759,620	21.9	43.4	76.1	2002
10,087	105,590	213,450	421,241	740,280	21.2	41.8	73.4	2003
10,243	105,090	206,800	422,043	733,930	20.2	41.2	71.7	2004
10,435	104,500	202,350	421,315	728,170	19.4	40.4	69.8	2005
10,597	109,050	206,880	441,832	757,760	19.5	41.7	71.5	2006
10,731	110,420	202,020	451,094	763,530	18.8	42.0	71.1	2007
10,805	107,910	198,100	440,522	746,530	18.3	40.8	69.1	2008

<sup>\*</sup>All rates are calculated as the number of events experienced by women younger than 20 (including those aged 14 and younger) divided by the female population aged 15–19. The denominator is limited to 15–19-year-olds because 97–98% of all pregnancies among women younger than 20 occurred among those aged 15–19. The pregnancy rate includes estimated number of pregnancies ending in miscarriage or stillbirth. †Includes stillbirths. ‡Denominator (population) is women aged 15–19. *Note:* u=unavailable.

Table 2.6 Among women aged 20-24, pregnancy, birth and abortion rates and numbers, and number of miscarriages, by year, 1972-2008

Year	Pregnancy rate*	Birthrate	Abortion rate	Total pregnancies	Births	Abortions	Estimated miscarriage†	Female population (in 1,000s)
1972	u	130.2	u	u	1,174,183	u	u	9,021
1973	172.4	119.7	26.2	1,586,000	1,101,113	240,610	244,280	9,198
1974	174.7	117.7	30.4	1,644,920	1,108,051	286,600	250,270	9,415
1975	173.3	113.0	34.3	1,677,220	1,093,676	331,640	251,900	9,677
1976	175.9	110.3	39.6	1,741,430	1,091,602	392,280	257,550	9,901
1977	184.2	112.9	44.3	1,870,410	1,146,491	449,660	274,260	10,152
1978	183.7	109.9	47.2	1,905,780	1,139,524	489,410	276,850	10,373
1979	190.2	112.8	49.9	2,004,670	1,188,663	525,710	290,300	10,541
1980	194.3	114.8	51.4	2,075,790	1,226,200	549,410	300,180	10,683
1981	191.1	112.2	51.4	2,064,830	1,212,000	554,940	297,890	10,805
1982	190.1	111.6	51.1	2,054,020	1,205,979	551,680	296,360	10,805
1983	185.4	107.8	50.9	1,995,270	1,160,274	548,130	286,870	10,762
1984	184.9	106.8	51.6	1,976,120	1,141,578	551,110	283,430	10,687
1985	187.1	108.3	52.0	1,972,410	1,141,320	548,020	283,070	10,541
1986	185.9	107.4	51.8	1,907,060	1,102,119	531,380	273,560	10,258
1987	186.7	107.9	52.0	1,861,150	1,075,856	518,290	267,000	9,971
1988	191.2	110.2	53.6	1,852,520	1,067,472	519,600	265,450	9,689
1989	195.7	113.8	53.8	1,853,480	1,077,598	509,420	266,460	9,473
1990	202.0	116.4	56.7	1,898,200	1,093,730	532,480	271,990	9,396
1991	200.4	115.3	56.4	1,894,240	1,089,692	533,280	271,270	9,451
1992	197.9	113.7	55.9	1,863,730	1,070,490	526,490	266,750	9,417
1993	194.0	111.3	54.9	1,809,330	1,038,127	512,340	258,860	9,328
1994	188.1	109.2	51.9	1,724,700	1,001,418	475,450	247,830	9,168
1995	182.9	107.5	49.1	1,643,520	965,547	440,780	237,190	8,986
1996	183.5	107.8	49.3	1,609,600	945,210	432,130	232,260	8,770
1997	181.6	107.3	48.1	1,594,850	942,048	422,170	230,630	8,781
1998	181.8	108.4	47.0	1,617,980	965,122	418,030	234,830	8,901
1999	180.6	107.9	46.4	1,643,120	981,929	422,550	238,640	9,099
2000	181.2	108.9	45.9	1,693,940	1,017,806	429,610	246,520	9,350
2001	175.6	105.6	44.4	1,698,880	1,021,627	429,930	247,320	9,677
2002	170.6	103.1	42.7	1,691,900	1,022,106	423,060	246,730	9,916
2003	168.3	102.3	41.4	1,698,470	1,032,305	417,910	248,250	10,094
2004	165.6	101.5	39.8	1,687,400	1,034,454	405,510	247,440	10,191
2005	164.7	101.8	38.7	1,683,910	1,040,388	395,860	247,660	10,223
2006	170.4	105.5	39.8	1,744,440	1,080,437	407,190	256,810	10,239
2007	168.7	105.4	38.4	1,733,070	1,082,354	394,770	255,950	10,270
2008	164.3	101.8	38.4	1,698,980	1,052,184	396,690	250,110	10,340

<sup>\*</sup>All rates are the number of events per 1,000 women aged 20–24; pregnancy rate includes estimated number of pregnancies ending in miscarriage or stillbirth. †Includes stillbirths. *Note:* u=unavailable.

## National-level methodology

The figures in these tables are based on data from the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (number of births), the Guttmacher Institute (total number of abortions), the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (distribution of women obtaining abortions by age, race and ethnicity), and the Population Estimates Program of the U.S. Bureau of the Census in collaboration with NCHS (population estimates). The exact sources are listed at the end of this section. We have adjusted the national age and race/ethnicity distributions of women obtaining abortions to ensure year-to-year comparability.

Pregnancies are the sum of births, abortions and miscarriages. Rates are calculated as the number of events per 1,000 women. Abortion ratios represent the number of abortions divided by the sum of abortions and births. Please note that in these tables, "age" refers to the woman's age when the pregnancy ended. Consequently, the actual number of pregnancies that occurred among teenagers is higher than what is reported here because most of the women who conceived at age 19 had their births or abortions after they turned 20 and thus were not counted as teenagers. Likewise, please note that "year" refers to the calendar year in which the birth or abortion occurred, not when the conception occurred.

A small number of abortions performed between 1972 and 1975 were illegal. This report counts only legal abortions.

Some of the figures differ from those previously published by the Guttmacher Institute for two reasons. First, the estimates of the population counts for 2001–2006 have been revised using recently released updated counts of the population, which are based on the 2010 census ("intercensal estimates"). While most of the rates did not change dramatically, those for Hispanic teenagers did, with much lower rates for this group for 2001–2006, as compared with those based on the earlier population estimates projected by the Census Bureau. This was due to a larger number of Hispanic teenagers counted in the 2010 census than were projected from the 2000 census.

The second reason these estimates differ from those published previously is that we have revised our estimate of the proportion of women aged 15–19 who have ever had sex for 2003–2006. In our prior estimates, we used the estimate of this proportion from the 2002 National Survey of Family Growth (NSFG). For the current estimates, we obtained the proportion sexually experienced from the 2006–2010 NSFG and applied a proportion calculated by linear interpolation for each year from 2003 through 2005, using the proportions sexually experienced in 2002 and in 2006–2008. This difference affects only the rates among sexually experienced women.

The figures in this report may also differ from those found in other sources. First, as explained above, these data are not adjusted to reflect women's age at conception or the year in which she conceived. Second, unlike some other reports, this one includes estimated numbers and rates of pregnancies ending in miscarriage. (Pregnancy rates excluding miscarriages can be calculated from the tables by summing the rates of birth and abortion.) The number of miscarriages was

estimated as 20% of births plus 10% of abortions; these proportions attempt to account for miscarriages that occurred after the pregnancy had lasted long enough to be noticed by the woman (i.e., 6–7 weeks after her last menstrual period). Stillbirths are a very small proportion of all pregnancies; they are included in our estimates of miscarriages. In contrast to the 20%-10% approach we used, NCHS estimates miscarriages from survey respondents' reports of their pregnancies in the five years preceding the fielding of each round of the NSFG.<sup>2</sup> Third, the denominator we used in calculating rates among women younger than 15 is the female population aged 14, because most pregnancies occurring among these very young teenagers are among 14-year-olds (79% in 2008). The NCHS estimates use the number of women aged 10-14 for the denominator.<sup>3</sup> Similarly, the denominator for rates among all women under age 20 is the female population aged 15–19 because from 1973–2008, 97–98% of all pregnancies to women younger than 20 were among those aged 15–19. Finally, denominators are based on population estimates that are produced by the Census Bureau in collaboration with NCHS for July 1 of each year and revised periodically; hence, our rates may differ slightly from those published elsewhere, depending on which year the population estimates were made (the "vintage") or whether the rates have been updated using the intercensal population estimates available after each national census. For the years 1980, 1990 and 2000, NCHS uses the April 1 census counts and we use the July 1 estimates.

The percentage of 15–19-year-old women who were sexually experienced for the years 1982 and 1988 was obtained from Singh and Darroch.<sup>4</sup> Linear interpolation was used to calculate the percentages for 1986 and 1987. For these two years only, "sexually experienced" was defined as having ever had sex after menarche. For the percentage of sexually experienced 15–19-year-olds from 1988 to 2002, we obtained the proportions of all 15–19-year-olds who had ever had sexual intercourse in 1988, 1995, 2002 and 2006–2008 from analyses of the NSFG. From 1988 on, "sexually experienced" is defined as having ever had sex, regardless of whether it occurred before or after menarche. Linear interpolation was used to calculate the percentages for the intervening years, 1989–1994, 1996–2001 and 2003–2005. These resulting percentages were applied to the population totals of 15–19-year-old women to calculate the number who were sexually experienced.

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